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LEE CUNNINGHAM,	RN DIVISION DEBRA P. HACKETT CLK U.S. DISTRICT COURT HIDDLE DISTRICT ALLA
Plaintiff, v.)) CASE NO.: 2:19-cv-837-WKW-SRW
WAREHOUSE HOME FURNISHINGS, DISTRIBUTORS, INC. d/b/a Farmers Home Furniture,)) JURY TRIAL DEMANDED))
Defendant.)

COMPLAINT

Now Comes, the Plaintiff Lee Cunningham (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), appearing *pro se* and brings suit against Defendants, Warehouse Home Furnishing Distributors, Inc. d/b/a Farmers Home Furniture (hereinafter "Defendants, or Farmers") and in support there of respectfully alleges violations of the Federal Telephone Consumer Protection Act 47 U.S.C. 227 *et seq.* ("TCPA")

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. Jurisdiction and venue, for purposes of this action, are appropriate and conferred by

- 28 U.S.C 1331, Federal Question Jurisdiction, as this action involves violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act.
- 2. Subject matter jurisdiction and federal question jurisdiction, for purposes of this action, are appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. 1331, which provides that the District Courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws or treaties of the United States; and, this action involves violations of 47 U.S.C 227(b)(1)(A)(iii). See Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs, LLC, S.Ct. 740, 748 (2012) and Osorio V. State Farm Bank, F.S.B., 746 F.3d 1242, 1249 (11th Cir. 2014). 15 U.S.C 1601.
- 3. The alleged violations described herein occurred in Chilton County, Alabama. Accordingly, venue is appropriate with this Court under 28 U.S.C 1391(b)(2), as it is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this action occurred.

INTRODUCTION

- 4. The TCPA was enacted to prevent companies like Defendants from invading the privacy of American citizens and to prevent abusive "robo-calls."
- 5. "The TCPA is designed to protect individual consumers from receiving intrusive and unwanted telephone calls." *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs.*, *LLC*, 132 S.Ct 740 (2012).
- 6. "Senator Hollings, the TCPA's sponsor, described these calls as 'the scourge of modern civilization, they wake us up in the morning; they interrupt our dinner at night; they force the sick and elderly out of bed; they hound us until we want to rip the telephone out of the wall.' 137 Cong. Rec. 30, 821 (1991). Senator Hollings presumably

intended to give telephone subscribers another option: telling the autodialers to simply stop calling." *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B., 746 F. 3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).*

7. According to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), "Unwanted calls and texts are the number one complaints to the FCC. There are thousands of complaints to the FCC every month on both telemarketing and robocalls. The FCC received more than 215,000 TCPA complaints in 2014." Fact Sheet: Wheeler Proposal to Protect and Empower Consumers Against Unwanted Robocalls, Texts to Wireless Phones, Federal Communications Commission, (May 27, 2015),

https://apps.fcc.gov/edocs_public/attachmatch/DOC-333676A1.pdf

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 8. Plaintiff is a natural person and citizen of the State of Alabama, residing in Bibb County, Alabama.
- 9. Plaintiff is the "called party." See Breslow v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 755 F. 3d. 1265 (11th Cir. 2014) and Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B., 746 F.3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).
- 10. Defendant Farmers Home Furniture is a corporation responsible for attempting to collect an alleged consumer debt from Plaintiff.

- 11. Defendant, Farmers Home Furniture, is a foreign limited liability company with its principal place of business located at 1851 Telfair St, Dublin, GA 31021, and which conducts business in the State of Alabama and did conduct business with the Plaintiff at its store in Clanton, Alabama located at 302 Park Plaza Clanton, Alabama 35045.
- 12. Plaintiff is the subscriber, regular user and carrier of the cellular telephone numbers at issue in this action, (205) XXX-6900, and (205) XXX-0606.
- 13. Defendants' intentionally, knowingly and/or willfully harassed and abused Plaintiff on numerous occasions by calling Plaintiff's cellular telephone, within the last year, with such frequency as can reasonably be expected to harass and in effort to collect upon an alleged debt.
- 14. Defendants' calls to Plaintiff continued, on average, at least five times per day.
- 15. Upon information and belief, some or all of the calls Defendant's placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone were placed using an "automatic telephone dialing system" (herein after "Autodialer") which has the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator (including but not limited to a predictive dialer) or an artificial or prerecorded voice; and to dial such numbers as specified by 47 U.S.C. 227(a)(1) (hereinafter "autodialer calls").

- 16. Furthermore, each of the calls at issue were placed by Defendant using an artificial or prerecorded voice, as specified by the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. 227(B)(1)(A).
- 17. Since early 2018, Defendants began bombarding Plaintiff's cellular telephone in attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 18. Upon receipt of the calls, Plaintiff's caller identification feature identified the calls were being initiated from, but not limited to, the phone numbers 205-755-9989 and 205-351-4391.
- 19. On several occasions over the last year, Plaintiff instructed Defendant's agents to stop calling his cellular telephone.
- 20. Upon Plaintiff's receipt of one such call from Defendants' artificial or prerecorded message, held on the line to be connected to a live agent/representative and informed said agent/representative to immediately cease all calls to his cellular telephone; furthermore, Plaintiff informed Defendants' aforementioned agent/representative that its incessant calls were harassing him and demanded Defendants immediately cease all calls to his cellular telephone; thereby, unequivocally revoking any previously perceived expressed consent to be called using Defendant's ATDS (including a predictive dialer), artificial voice or prerecorded message.

- 21. During the aforementioned phone conversation with Defendants' agent/representative, Plaintiff explicitly revoked any previously perceived expressed consent Defendants may have believed it had for placement of telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone by the use of an ATDS or artificial voice or prerecorded message.
- 22. Each subsequent call Defendants placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone was done so after he revoked consent and without the express consent of Plaintiff.
- 23. Each subsequent call Defendants placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone was knowingly and willfully placed to his cellular telephone without express consent.
- 24. Plaintiff continued to experience and receive unwanted and harassing calls from the Defendant's.
- 25. On multiple occasions, Plaintiff informed Defendants to immediately cease calling his cellular telephone; however, despite these attempts. Defendants' calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone continued.
- 26. Defendant called Plaintiff on his cellular telephone in excess of one hundred and fifty (150) times since April of 2018 in attempt to collect an alleged debt. Due to the extraordinary volume of calls Plaintiff received, Plaintiff was unable to maintain a fully contemporaneous call log of each and every call he received from Defendants.

- 27. Defendants have, or should be in possession and/or control of, call logs, account notes, "dialer reports" and/or other records that detail the exact number of calls they placed to Plaintiff.
- 28. Despite actual knowledge of their wrongdoing, Defendants continued their campaign of abuse by continuing to call Plaintiff despite not having Plaintiff's express consent to call his cellular telephone.
- 29. Defendants have corporate policies and/or procedures to use an ATDS (including a predictive dialer) or artificial voice or prerecorded message, and to place autodialed calls, just as they did to Plaintiff's cellular telephone in the case, with no way for the called party and recipient of the calls, including Defendants, to permit, elect, or invoke the removal of Plaintiff's cellular number from Defendants' call list.
- 30. The structure of Defendants' corporate policies and procedures permits the continuation of calls to individuals like Plaintiff, despite these individuals revoking any consent, or perceived consent, Defendants may have believed they had to place such calls.
- 31. Defendants' corporate policies and procedures provided no means for Plaintiff to have his cellular number removed from Defendants' call list; or, otherwise invoke and/or request the cessation and/or suppression of calls to Plaintiff from Defendants.

- 32. Defendants have corporate policies or procedures of using an ATDS (including a predictive dialer) or an artificial voice or prerecorded message to collect alleged debts from individuals, such as Plaintiff, for their financial benefit.
- 33. Defendants have had numerous complaints from consumers across the country against them asking to not be called; however, Defendants continue to call consumers.
- 34. Defendants have numerous complaints against it, across the country, asserting that its ATDS (including a predictive dialer) continues to call individuals who have revoked consent to be called by Defendants.
- 35. Defendants knowingly employ methods and/or have corporate policies and/or procedures designed to harass and abuse individuals such as Plaintiff.
- 36. Defendants knowingly employ methods that do not permit the cessation or suppression of autodialed calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone.
- 37. None of Defendants' telephone calls placed to Plaintiff were placed for "emergency purposes" as specified in 47 U.S.C 227(b)(1)(A).
- 38. As acknowledged by Judge Easterbrook of the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals in *Patriotic Veterans*, *Inc. v. Zoeller*, "every call uses some of the phone owner's time and mental energy, both of which are precious." 845 F.3d 303, 305-06 (7th Cir.), cert.

Denied sub nom. Patriotic Veterans, Inc. v. Hill, 137 S. Ct. 2321, 198 L.Ed. 2D 715 (2017).

- 39. For each call Defendants placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone without express consent, Plaintiff suffered from the occupation of his cellular telephone and cellular telephone by unwelcome calls which made the cellular phone unavailable for legitimate incoming or outgoing calls.
- 40. For each call Defendants placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone without express consent, Plaintiff suffered from unnecessary expenditure of his time. The time Plaintiff spent on answered calls was unnecessary because he repeatedly asked for calls to stop. Additionally, Plaintiff expended unnecessary time for unanswered calls by dealing with notification and call logs that reflected the unwanted calls, Furthermore, this also impaired the usefulness of the features of Plaintiff's cellular telephone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.
- 41. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendants to Plaintiff's cell phone was an injury in the form of a nuisance and annoyance to the Plaintiff.
- 42. Each and every call Defendants placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone without express consent resulted in the injury of unnecessary expenditure of Plaintiff's cellular telephone battery power.

43. As a result of aforementioned tenacious phone calls and collection efforts, Plaintiff was affected, both personally and individually, as he experienced an invasion of privacy and the intrusion upon his right of seclusion. Plaintiff also suffered from stress, humiliation, and aggravation due to the phone calls. Furthermore, Plaintiff was hindered by the loss of phone battery life as well as the cost of additional charging, and the intrusion upon and occupation of the capacity of his cell phone. All of the above mentioned were caused by, and/or directly related to, Defendants/ attempts to collect a consumer debt allegedly owed by the Plaintiff.

COUNT 1. WAREHOUSE HOME FURNISHINGS DISTRIBUTORS, INC. d/b/a Farmers Home Furniture (Violation of TCPA)

- 44. Plaintiff incorporates and re alleges paragraphs one (1) through (43) as if fully set forth herein.
- 45. Defendant "Farmers", willfully violated the TCPA with respect to Plaintiff, especially for each of the ATDS (including a predictive dialer) calls it made to Plaintiff's cellular telephone after Plaintiff notified and requested Defendant that he wished for the calls to immediately cease.
- 46. Defendant repeatedly placed non-emergency telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone using an ATDS (including a predictive dialer) or artificial voice of prerecorded voice message without Plaintiff's proper express consent and in violation of federal law, including 47 U.S.C 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable and judgment against Defendant, Farmers Home Furniture, for statutory damages, punitive damages, actual damages, treble damages, enjoinder from further violation of the these parts and any other such relief the court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

pro se (001CUN)

Lee Cunningham 28 Thomas Fulgham Rd Brierfield, Al 35035 205-690-0606 leecunningham@live.com